

## Look Level 6 Word lists – Czech

### Look and remember

pp. 4–8

**national park** (n) /ˌnæʃ(ə)nəl ˈpɑ:k/ ❖ **národní park**

an area that is protected because it's important to nature or a country's history • *We went hiking in the Cairngorms National Park in the north of Scotland.*

**path** (n) /pɑ:θ/ ❖ **stezka; pěšina**

a small road or part of a road for people to walk or ride bikes on • *Most cities in Europe now have cycle paths so that cyclists can move safely without having to ride among cars.*

**waterfall** (n) /ˈwɔ:təfɔ:l/ ❖ **vodopád**

a place where a stream or river falls down from high rocks into a pool, river, sea, etc. • *We stopped to take some photos of the pool at the bottom of the waterfall.*

**change** (v) /tʃeɪndʒ/ ❖ **změnit**

become different: make something different • *The colours of the trees change with each season.*

➤ change (n), changeable (adj)

**UNESCO** (abbr) /ju:'neskəʊ/ ❖ **UNESCO**

United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization

**World Heritage Site** (n) /ˌwɜ:ld ˈherɪtɪdʒ saɪt/ ❖ **místo na seznamu Světového dědictví**

a place that is protected because of its international importance • *The Acropolis in Athens became a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1987.*

**recycle** /ˌri:'saɪk(ə)l/ ❖ **recyklovat; třídít odpad**

use something again that was used before • *In our school, we put plastic bottles into special bins to recycle them.*

➤ recycling (n), recycled (adj)

**look after** (phr v) /lʊk ˈɑ:ftə(r)/ ❖ **pečovat o**

take care of something/somebody • *My grandma looks after me and my brother when Mum and Dad are at work.*

**make sure** (phr) /meɪk ʃʊə(r)/ ❖ **ujistit se**

do something so that you know something will happen or something is true • *Take a shopping list to make sure you don't forget what to buy.*

**delicious** (adj) /dɪˈlɪʃəs/ ❖ **lahodný**

having a very nice taste • *These strawberries are delicious. May I have some more?*

**popular** (adj) /'pɒpjələ(r)/ ❖ **oblíbený**

liked by many people • *Football is a popular sport that's played in many countries around the world.*

➤ popularity (n), unpopular (adj)

**yoghurt** (n) /'jɒgət/ ❖ **jogurt**

a thick white creamy food made from milk • *Would you like yoghurt on your breakfast cereal?*

**enjoy** (v) /ɪn'dʒɔɪ/ ❖ **líbit se; užít si**

like something that you experience • *I'm sure you'll enjoy watching the play.*

➤ enjoyment (n)

**theatre** (n) /'θiətə(r)/ ❖ **divadlo**

a place where people go to watch live performances • *I enjoy seeing actors live on stage at the theatre. It's better than watching a film.*

➤ theatrical (adj)

**watermelon** (n) /'wɔ:təmelən/ ❖ **meloun**

a large fruit that has a hard green skin and is red and juicy inside • *A large piece of watermelon tastes great on a hot summer day.*

**honey** (n) /'hʌni/ ❖ **med**

a sticky yellow substance made by bees • *Helen doesn't like jam, so she puts honey on her toast.*

## Unit 1 A good start – Dobrý začátek

p. 9

**demonstration** (n) /demən'streɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **demonstrate; předvedení**  
showing somebody how to do something or how something works • *The sales assistant gave the customers a demonstration to show how the food mixer worked.*  
➤ demonstrate (v)

**put on** (phr v) /pʊt ɒn/ ❖ **uvést (na scéně)**  
organise and present an event • *Our class is putting on a play this year, and I'm writing the script.*

### Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 10

**arrive** (v) /ə'raɪv/ ❖ **přijet**  
get to a place • *What time does the train arrive in Paris?*  
➤ arrival (n)

**tidy** (v) /'taɪdi/ ❖ **uklidit**  
put things away or in the right place • *Gary always tidies his bedroom at the weekend.*  
➤ tidy (adj)

**friendly** (adj) /'frendli/ ❖ **přátelský**  
kind and nice to other people • *I won't ask my new neighbours to our barbecue because they're not very friendly.*  
➤ friend (n), friendship (n), unfriendly (adj)

**join (a club)** (v) /dʒɔɪn (ə klʌb)/ ❖ **vstoupit (do klubu)**  
become a member of a club, team, etc. • *Frank joined the swimming club and he practises swimming three times a week.*

**practice** (n) /'præktɪs/ ❖ **nácvik; praxe**  
a way of doing something often to get better at it • *The band needs a lot more practice before they perform at the music festival.*

**study** (v) /'stʌdi/ ❖ **studovat**  
go to school, etc. to learn something; spend time reading something to learn • *Are you studying for the maths test?*  
➤ study (n), student (n)

**early** (adv) /'ɜ:li/ ❖ **brzy; časně**  
before the usual time; at the start of a period of time • *Simon never gets up early at the weekends. He likes to stay in bed until ten o'clock.*

**take exercise** (phr) /teɪk 'eksəsaɪz/ ❖ **cvičit; hýbat se**  
do activities to make your body fitter • *You should take more exercise and you'll actually feel less tired at work.*  
➤ exercise (v)

**activity** (n) /ækt'ɪvəti/ ❖ **činnost**  
something that you do to have fun • *Tony's favourite activity is playing the guitar.*  
➤ act (v), active (adj), actively (adv)

**meet – met – met** (v) /mi:t – met – met/ ❖ **potkat - <minulý čas> - <příčestí minulé trpné>**  
get together with somebody • *Where did you meet your best friend?*

**friendship** (n) /'frendʃɪp/ ❖ **přátelství**  
the relationship between friends • *Mum and Dad's friendship started when they were at university.*

**bench** (n) /bentʃ/ ❖ **lavička**  
a long seat, usually made of wood or metal • *Evening walkers often sit on the benches by the sea to watch the sun going down.*

**peace** (n) /pi:s/ ❖ **mír; klid**  
a time when there is no war or fighting • *Britain made peace with Germany when the war ended in 1945.*

## Value      Workbook, Lesson 6

**cheer** (v) /tʃiə(r)/ ❖ **jásat**  
shout because you like something • *The fans cheered when their team scored the final goal.*  
➤ cheer (n)

**support** (v) /sə'pɔ:t/ ❖ **podporovat; fandit**  
help somebody by being kind to them when they have a problem • *My best friend always supports me when I have a problem.*  
➤ support (n), supportive (adj)

**discuss** (v) /dɪ'skʌs/ ❖ **diskutovat o**  
talk about • *Let's discuss the things we like doing.*  
➤ discussion (n)

**situation** (n) /,sɪtʃu'eɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **situace**  
the things that are happening at a specific time and place • *You can't expect everybody to be the same because everybody's family situation is different.*

## Lesson 2 Grammar p. 11

**decide** (v) /dɪ'saɪd/ ❖ **rozhodnout se**

choose something • *I can't decide which activities to do. I enjoy tennis and volleyball, but the clubs meet at the same time.*

➤ decision (n)

**term** (n) /tɜ:m/ ❖ **semestr; pololetí; trimestr**

one of the three parts of the school year • *The class are getting their school marks for the end of the first term next Friday.*

**offer** (v) /'ɒfə(r)/ ❖ **nabídnout**

say you will do something; say you can give something to somebody • *Chloe has offered to help me with my homework.*

➤ offer (n)

**practise** (v) /'præktɪs/ ❖ **cvičit; procvičovat**

the act of doing something often to get better at it • *Pablo had a chance to practise his English when he went to summer school in London.*

➤ practice (n)

## Lesson 3 Reading p. 12

**equipment** (n) /'kwɪpmənt/ ❖ **výbava; výstroj**

the things you need to do a job or an activity • *The fishermen loaded their fishing equipment onto the boat.*

➤ equip (v)

**special** (adj) /'speʃ(ə)l/ ❖ **zvláštní; mimořádný**

different from usual; more important than others • *Do you need to wear special clothes for your job?*

**experiment** (n) /ɪk'sperɪmənt/ ❖ **pokus**

a scientific test • *The students were doing experiments in the science lesson.*

➤ experiment (v), experimental (adj)

**material** (n) /mə'tɪəriəl/ ❖ **materiál**

the thing(s) that something is made of • *What kind of materials did they use to build these houses?*

➤ materialise (v), material (adj)

**repeat** (v) /rɪ'pi:t/ ❖ **opakovat**

do or say something again in the same way • *Could you please repeat the question? I didn't hear you.*

➤ repetition (n), repetitive (adj)

**certain** (adj) /'sɜ:t(ə)n/ ❖ **určitý; jistý**  
particular • *Certain kinds of trees can only grow in cold, wet countries.*  
➤ certainly (adv)

**discover** (v) /di'skʌvə(r)/ ❖ **objevit**  
find out about something new • *A farmer discovered the wall of the ancient city when he was digging in his field.*  
➤ discovery (n)

#### **Lesson 4 Grammar p. 13**

**catch (the bus)** (expr) /kætʃ (ðə bʌs)/ ❖ **chytit (autobus)**  
be on time to get on (a bus) • *Let's go now so that we can catch the last bus home.*

**creature** (n) /'kri:tʃə(r)/ ❖ **tvor**  
any animal (including insects, fish, people) • *Tiny ants are interesting creatures to watch.*

**goal** (n) /gəʊl/ ❖ **cíl**  
something that you want to achieve • *Her goal was to save the gorillas from harm.*

#### **Lesson 5 Chant p. 14**

**rhyme** (n) /raɪm/ ❖ **rým ; rýmovačka**  
a poem which has similar sounding words at the end of each line • *The students wrote rhymes about peace and friendship.*  
➤ rhyme (v)

**imperfect** (adj) /ɪm'pɜ:fɪkt/ ❖ **nedokonalý**  
not perfect; with mistakes or faults • *The shop has low prices because most of the things on sale are imperfect.*  
➤ imperfection (n)

**verse** (n) /vɜ:s/ ❖ **verš**  
a part of a poem or song • *This song only has three verses, but I love singing it.*

**resolution** (n) /,rezə'lʊ:ʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **předsevzetí; rozhodnutí**  
a decision to follow a plan • *Claire has made a resolution to stop being late for work.*

**reach** (v) /ri:tʃ/ ❖ **dorazit; dostat se**  
get to a place you were going to; achieve a goal • *The team reached the finals, but they lost points in the last game.*

**fan** (n) /fæn/ ❖ **fanoušek**  
somebody who likes a particular sport or team • *The fans went crazy when their team won the cup.*

## Lesson 6 Writing p. 15

**record** (v) /rɪ,kɔ:d/ ❖ **zaznamenat; nahrát**  
copy sounds onto a computer, tape, etc. so they can be played back for somebody to hear • *Norma recorded the interview on her smartphone.*  
➤ recording (n), record (n)

**conference** (n) /'kɒnfərəns/ ❖ **konference**  
a large meeting when people with the same interests or jobs come together to discuss something • *The heads of all EU countries will be having a three-day conference next week.*

**autobiography** (n) /,ɔ:təbaɪ'ɒgrəfi/ ❖ **vlastní životopis**  
a person's life story, which they wrote themselves • *I'm reading the autobiography of a famous NASA astronaut.*

## Lesson 7 Video p. 16

**leadership** (n) /'li:dəʃɪp/ ❖ **vedení; vůdcovství**  
the skills you need to become a leader; the state of being a leader • *The team chose Nadia as their captain because of her strong leadership skills.*  
➤ leader (n), lead (v, n)

**education** (n) /,edʒu'keɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **vzdělání**  
the process of teaching and learning new things • *In European countries, boys and girls are able to receive free education in schools.*

**college** (n) /'kɒlɪdʒ/ ❖ **vysoká škola; vyšší odborná škola**  
a place where students go to study after they leave school • *Bill is studying photography at college.*

**leader** (n) /'li:də(r)/ ❖ vůdce; vedoucí

somebody who is the head of an organisation, group or country • *Why can't our country's leaders stop fighting with each other?*

➤ lead (v, n)

**journalist** (n) /'dʒɜ:nəlist/ ❖ novinář

somebody who writes articles for a newspaper, magazine or TV channel • *Janice loves writing and she's training to be a newspaper journalist.*

➤ journalism (n)

**boarding school** (n) /'bɔ:dɪŋ sku:l/ ❖ internátní škola

a school where the students live during the school terms • *Can you imagine leaving your home and family to study at a boarding school?*

**dormitory** (n) /'dɔ:mətri/ ❖ kolej; ubytovna; společná ložnice

a large room with a lot of beds for many people to sleep in • *I don't think anybody slept at night in the dormitory at camp. The children were so excited and noisy.*

## Unit 2     Amazing animals – Úžasná zvířata

### p. 17

**cub** (n) /kʌb/ ❖ mládě (šelmy)

a baby bear, tiger, wolf, etc. • *Don't go near the bear cubs or the mother bear might hurt you.*

### Lesson 1     Vocabulary     p. 18

**artist** (n) /'ɑ:tɪst/     ❖ umělec

a person who does painting, drawing or other kinds of art • *Vincent Van Gogh was a great artist.*

➤ art (n), artistic (adj)

**damage** (v) /'dæmɪdʒ/     ❖ poškodit

harm or spoil somebody/something • *Neil dropped his phone yesterday, but luckily, he didn't damage it.*

➤ damage (n)

**ocean** (n) /'əʊʃ(ə)n/     ❖ oceán

huge areas of sea which cover parts of the world • *Sharks live in deep waters of the oceans around the world.*

**protect** (v) /prə'tekt/     ❖ chránit

take care of yourself or somebody/something else, e.g. to avoid damage or getting hurt • *Put on sun cream to protect your skin from the sun.*

➤ protective (adj), protection (n)

**environment** (n) /ɪn'veɪrənmənt/     ❖ prostředí; životní prostředí

the air, water, land around us • *We must stop burning the forests and harming the environment.*

➤ environmental (adj), environmentally (adv)

**disappear** (v) /,dɪsə'piə(r)/     ❖ zmizet

stop existing; be lost • *Many rainforests are disappearing because they've been cut down to build houses or grow coffee or cocoa.*

➤ disappearance (n), disappearing (adj)

**become extinct** (adj) /ɪk'stɪŋkt/ ❖ vyhynout

not existing any more • *Tyrannosaurus Rex became extinct millions of years ago.*

➤ extinction (n)

**artwork** (n) /'ɑ:twɜ:k/     ❖ výtvarné umění; ilustrace

pictures in books or magazines, etc. • *Children's stories are more fun to read when they have imaginative artwork.*

## Lesson 2 Grammar p. 19

**danger** (n) /'deɪndʒə(r)/ ❖ **nebezpečí**

the chance that something will happen to hurt or kill somebody/something • *Don't go hiking alone in the mountains because you could put your life in danger.*

➤ endanger (v), dangerous (adj)

**housework** (n) /'haʊswɜ:k/ ❖ **domácí práce**

work done to look after a home, e.g. cleaning, cooking • *I get really bored doing housework like cleaning the carpets and hanging out the washing.*

**lend** (v) /lend/ ❖ **půjčit**

give something to somebody so they can use it then give it back to you • *Liz offered to lend Carlos her extra jacket because he forgot to bring one on the trip.*

## Lesson 3 Reading p. 20

**scorpion** (n) /'skɔ:pɪən/ ❖ **štír**

a small crawling creature that has eight legs and a long tail that can sting • *We found scorpions under our camping fridge, but they didn't harm us.*

**spider monkey** (n) /'spaɪdə(r) mʌŋki/ ❖ **chápan**

a small monkey from South America that has very long arms and a long tail • *A spider monkey can use its tail like an extra arm to swing from tree to tree.*

**donkey** (n) /'dɒŋki/ ❖ **osel**

an animal like a small horse with short legs and very long ears • *In some Mediterranean countries, people in islands and villages still use donkeys to carry heavy things.*

**squirrel** (n) /'skwɪrəl/ ❖ **veverka**

a small animal that has a long thick tail and lives in trees • *Squirrels collect nuts and save them to eat in the winter.*

**parrot** (n) /'pærət/ ❖ **papoušek**

a tropical bird that has a curved beak and sometimes colourful feathers • *Parrots live in the wild, flying high among the trees in the Amazon.*

**tale** (n) /teɪl/ ❖ **příběh**

a story • *When we were young, Dad used to tell us tales of his travels as a sailor.*

**survival** (n) /sə'vaɪv(ə)l/ ❖ **přežití**

continuing to live in spite of danger • *The lost climbers have little chance of survival in this terrible weather.*

➤ survive (v), survivor (n)

**brush** (v) /brʌʃ/ ❖ **okartáčovat; setřít**  
take something off the surface of something, using a brush or hands, etc. • *A cow uses its tail to brush flies off its back.*  
➤ brush (n)

**rattlesnake** (n) /'ræt(ə)lsneɪk/ ❖ **chřestýš**  
a venomous snake that makes a noise with the end of its tail • *A rattlesnake shakes its tail when it gets angry or frightened.*

**cheetah** (n) /'tʃi:tə/ ❖ **gepard**  
a kind of big wild cat that has light brown fur with black spots and can run very fast • *A cheetah can run as fast as 120 kilometres per hour when it hunts other animals.*

**frighten** (v) /'fraɪt(ə)n/ ❖ **vyděsit**  
make somebody/something afraid • *My brother tried to frighten me with a tiny spider.*  
➤ fright (n), frightened (adj), frighteningly (adv)

**wag** (v) /wæg/ ❖ **vrtět**  
what a dog does when it moves its tail from side to side • *Edith's dog, Barney, always wags his tail like mad when she comes home.*

**similar** (adj) /'sɪmələ(r)/ ❖ **podobný**  
like somebody/something but not the same • *My friend and I have got similar interests; we both love exploring nature.*  
➤ similarity (n)

**balance** (v) /'bæləns/ ❖ **vyvážit; držet rovnováhu**  
put something in a position where it doesn't fall easily • *It's amazing how acrobats can balance when they walk on a tightrope.*  
➤ balance (n), balanced (adj)

## Lesson 4 Grammar p. 21

**experienced** (adj) /ɪk'spiəriənst/ ❖ **zkušený**  
having done something many times and being skilled at it • *Even the most experienced climbers know that it's dangerous to try rock-climbing alone.*  
➤ experience (n, v)

## Lesson 5 Chant p. 22

**wing** (n) /wɪŋ/ ❖ **křídlo**  
one of the parts of a bird's or insect's body used for flying • *Chickens can't fly well because their wings are too short.*

**be lucky** (adj) /'lʌki/ ❖ **mít štěstí**

having good luck • *The quetzal was lucky to escape from the eagle's claws.*

➤ luckily (adv)

**ceiling** (n) /'si:lɪŋ/ ❖ **strop**

the top inside surface of a room • *The white paint kept dripping on Ellie's hair when she was painting the kitchen ceiling.*

**headache** (n) /'hedeɪk/ ❖ **bolest hlavy**

a pain in the head • *I need an aspirin to stop my headache.*

**beak** (n) /bi:k/ ❖ **zobák**

the hard outside part of a bird's mouth • *The seabird caught the fish with its beak.*

**bug** (n) /bʌg/ ❖ **hmyz; brouk (US)**

an insect • *Some people don't want to try camping because they hate the idea of sleeping beside bugs and snakes.*

**worm** (n) /wɜ:m/ ❖ **červ**

a long thin creature that has a soft body and no legs and lives in the earth • *Worms are not dangerous; in fact, they help plants to grow by making holes in the ground that let oxygen in.*

**prefer** (v) /pri'fɜ:(r)/ ❖ **dávat přednost**

like something/somebody more than something/somebody else • *I don't like eating meat. I prefer vegetables and cheese.*

➤ preference (n)

## Value      Workbook, Lesson 6

**honest** (adj) /'ɒnɪst/ ❖ **čestný; upřímný**

truthful, not telling lies • *Roberta was honest when she told her teacher she forgot to do her homework.*

➤ honesty (n), honestly (adv)

**tap** (n) /tæp/ ❖ **kohoutek (vodovodní)**

a device that water comes out of in a bath or sink • *You should turn off the tap to save water.*

➤ tap (v)

## Lesson 6 Writing p. 23

**hear – heard – heard** (v) /hɪə(r) – hɜ:d – hɜ:d/ ❖ **slyšet - <minulý čas> - <přičestí minulé trpné>**

listen to a sound; be told about something • *I've never heard of a resplendent quetzal. Can you tell me more about it?*

➤ hearing (n)

**pollen** (n) /'pɒlən/ ❖ **pyl**

a powder from the middle of a flower that gets moved onto other flowers by the wind or insects to make seeds • *David took a great photo of a bee with pollen on its legs, which was sitting on sunflower.*

➤ pollinate (v)

**third** (n) /θɜ:d/ ❖ **třetina**

one of three equal parts of something • *I ate about a third of the cake and put the rest in the fridge.*

➤ third (number)

**depend on** (phr v) /dɪ'pend ɒn/ ❖ **záviset na**

rely on somebody/something and trust them • *Young animals depend on their parents to feed them until they can find food by themselves.*

**chemical** (n) /'kemɪk(ə)l/ ❖ **chemikálie**

something made using a scientific process • *It's not safe to swim in the lake because its full of dangerous chemicals that are poisoning the fish.*

➤ chemical (adj)

**disease** (n) /dɪ'zi:z/ ❖ **choroba**

an illness • *Doctors can now protect children against terrible diseases like polio by giving them an injection when they are young.*

**behaviour** (n) /bi'heɪvjə(r)/ ❖ **chování**

the way a person or animal acts towards others • *The prisoner was allowed out of prison early because of their good behaviour.*

➤ behave (v)

**heading** (n) /'hedɪŋ/ ❖ **nadpis**

a title on each section of a piece of writing • *When you write headings for each paragraph of your report, it will be easier for readers to find the information they need.*

➤ head (n, v)

**aim** (n) /eɪm/ ❖ **cíl**

a purpose • *The aim of this report is to describe the hotel and its services.*

**suggestion** (n) /sə'dʒestʃən/ ❖ **návrh**

an idea that somebody gives somebody else to do something • *Do you agree with Moira's suggestion to go to the Amazon?*

➤ suggest (v)

**figure** (n) /'fɪgə(r)/ ❖ **číslo; cifra**

a number • *I think about 12,000 fans went to the match, but that figure might be wrong.*

➤ figure (v)

## Lesson 7 Video p. 24

**bald** (adj) /bɔːld/ ❖ **plešatý**

without hair • *My dad started to lose his hair and become bald when he was thirty.*

**water buffalo** (n) /'wɔːtə bʌfələʊ/ ❖ **buvol domácí**

a large kind of cow that farmers use to pull things in tropical countries • *Vietnamese farmers often use water buffalo to pull heavy carts across their land.*

**ape** (n) /eɪp/ ❖ **op**

a large animal like a monkey without a tail • *Gorillas and orangutans are different types of apes.*

**leopard** (n) /'lepəd/ ❖ **leopard**

a large cat from Africa or Asia with a spotty pattern on its fur • *A leopard's yellow and brown fur helps it to hide in the long grass and trees.*

**except** (prep) /ɪk'sept/ ❖ **kromě**

used to point out that there's one thing or person that is not included in something you mentioned • *Everybody except Dora went to the theatre. She was ill that day.*

**horn** (n) /hɔːn/ ❖ **roh**

a hard part that grows out of the head of some animals, usually on each side • *Don't go through the gate into the field. There's a bull with huge horns over there.*

## Function 1: Giving advice p. 25

**calendar** (n) /'kælɪndə(r)/ ❖ **kalendář**

something that shows the days and months of the year • *Eva is selling calendars for the New Year to raise money for an animal charity. The cat photo for January is so cute!*

**remind** (v) /rɪ'maɪnd/ ❖ **připomenout**

help somebody to remember something • *Richard makes notes in his diary to remind him when to pay his bills.*

➤ reminder (n)

## School trip 1 pp. 26–27

**marine** (adj) /mə'ri:n/ ❖ **mořský**  
of the sea • *Lorenzo studies marine life in the Arctic Ocean.*

**reserve** (n) /rɪzɜ:v/ ❖ **rezervace**  
an area where wildlife is protected • *Nobody is allowed to hunt on the nature reserve.*  
➤ reserve (v)

**mean – meant – meant** (v) /mi:n – ment – ment/ ❖ **znamenat - <minulý čas> - <příčestí minulé trpné>**  
have as a meaning • *What does this word mean?*  
➤ meaning (n)

**the seabed** (n) /ðə 'si:bed/ ❖ **mořské dno**  
the bottom of the sea • *The wreck of the ancient ship was covered by sand on the seabed for hundreds of years.*

**gift** (n) /gift/ ❖ **dar**  
a thing that you give to somebody; a present • *My parents gave me a bicycle as a birthday gift.*

**jellyfish** (n) /'dʒelɪfɪʃ/ ❖ **medúza**  
a sea creature with a soft body that looks like jelly and long thin parts that can sting • *Do you know how to treat a jellyfish sting?*

**habitat** (n) /'hæbɪtæt/ ❖ **přirozené prostředí; místo výskytu**  
the environment where an animal or plant lives or grows • *The Amazon is the natural habitat of grey parrots.*

**pristine** (adj) /'prɪsti:n/ ❖ **nedotčený**  
very clean; in perfect condition • *Some people prefer a pristine white bed in a hotel room to a sleeping bag in a tent.*

**large** (adj) /lɑ:dʒ/ ❖ **velký**  
big • *When their second child was born, Maggie and Paul moved to a larger home.*

**claw** (n) /kla:/ ❖ **spár**  
a sharp nail on an animal's foot • *The cat caught the bird with its sharp claws.*  
➤ claw (v)

**fin** (n) /fɪn/ ❖ **ploutev**  
a thin part like a wing on a fish that it uses for swimming • *Fish move their fins all the time to keep swimming.*

**huge** (adj) /hju:dʒ/ ❖ **obrovský**

very big • *The singer arrived at the theatre in a huge car.*

**tentacle** (n) /'tentək(ə)l/ ❖ **chapadlo**

the long thin limb of a sea creature's body • *A jellyfish uses its tentacles to catch its food.*

**sea lion** (n) /'si: laɪən/ ❖ **lachtan; lvoun**

a large seal • *Along the coasts of South America, tourists can drive past beaches full of sea lions.*

**crab** (n) /kræb/ ❖ **krab**

a sea creature that has a hard shell, eight legs and two long arms for catching things • *Ouch! A crab bit my toe in the water.*

**whale** (n) /weɪl/ ❖ **velryba**

an animal like a very big fish which lives in the sea • *Whales come up to the surface of the sea because they need to breathe air to live.*

**reef** (n) /ri:f/ ❖ **útes**

a line of rocks in a part of the sea that is not very deep • *Their boat crashed into the reef, and then sank near the beach.*

**survive** (v) /sə'vaɪv/ ❖ **přežit**

live through a difficult time • *People can't survive for very many days without water.*

➤ survival (n), survivor (n)

## Unit 3 Working outdoors – Práce venku

### p. 29

**outdoors** (adv) /ˌaʊtˈdɔːz/ ❖ **venku**

outside; not in a building • *It's too cold for us to eat dinner outdoors in winter.*

➤ outdoor (adj)

**volcano** (n) /vɒlˈkeɪnəʊ/ ❖ **sopka**

a mountain that has (or had) hot gases and hot melted rocks coming out of a hole on its top

• *Did you know that the area of Kamchatka in Russia has over 60 volcanoes?*

➤ volcanic (adj)

**indoors** (adv) /ɪnˈdɔːz/ ❖ **uvnitř**

inside; in a building • *It's raining! Let's stay indoors until it stops.*

### Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 30

**gardener** (n) /ˈgɑːd(ə)nə(r)/ ❖ **zahradník**

somebody whose job is to look after a garden • *Alan paid a gardener to come and cut down the huge old tree in his garden. Now there's more sunlight for the other plants.*

➤ gardening (v)

**lifeguard** (n) /ˈlaɪfgɑːd/ ❖ **plavčík**

somebody who works at a beach or swimming pool and rescues people if they get into trouble in the water • *The lifeguard noticed a boy was in trouble in the pool and she dived in to rescue him.*

**marine biologist** (n) /məˈriːn baɪˈɒlədʒɪst/ ❖ **mořský biolog**

a scientist who studies things that live in the sea • *A team of marine biologists have found plastic rubbish at the bottom of the Pacific Ocean.*

**mechanic** (n) /məˈkænik/ ❖ **mechanik**

somebody whose job is to repair machines, e.g. car engines • *Mario's motorbike needs fixing. He's taking it to a mechanic.*

**mountain guide** (n) /ˈmaʊntən gaɪd/ ❖ **horský vůdce**

somebody who shows you the way to go up or down an area with mountains • *It's easy to get lost in the mountain paths here if you don't know the area. So it's better to hire a mountain guide to show you the route.*

**painter** (n) /ˈpeɪntə(r)/ ❖ **malíř**

somebody who paints walls, etc. to decorate buildings as a job • *I hope the painters will clear up the mess when they've finished painting the bedrooms.*

➤ paint (v), painting (n)

**photojournalist** (n) /ˌfəʊtəʊˈdʒɜːnəlɪst/ ❖ **fotožurnalista**  
a kind of reporter who uses photos to report news • *Karen has just got herself a job as a photojournalist at a national newspaper.*  
➤ photojournalism (n)

**(tennis) coach** (n) /('tenɪs) kəʊtʃ/ ❖ **tenisový trenér**  
a sports trainer • *Dan's tennis coach taught him how to hold the racket properly.*  
➤ coach (v)

**lead – led – led** (v) /li:d – led – led/ ❖ **vést - <minulý čas> - <příčestí minulé trpné>**  
go with or work with others to show them how to go somewhere or do something • *Erica personally leads the tour groups that she organises around the sights.*  
➤ leader (n), leadership (n)

**laboratory** (n) /ləˈbɒrətəri/ ❖ **laboratoř**  
a room where experiments are done • *These cameras have been developed in laboratories in Japan.*

**climate** (n) /'klaɪmət/ ❖ **klima**  
the patterns of weather in an area • *Canada has a cooler climate than Italy.*

## Lesson 2 Grammar p. 31

**microscope** (n) /'maɪkrəskəʊp/ ❖ **mikroskop**  
a device that you can look through to see things much larger than they are • *The spider's leg looked huge and spiky when I put it under the microscope.*  
➤ microscopic (adj)

## Value Workbook, Lesson 6

**unsafe** (adj) /ʌn'seɪf/ ❖ **nebezpečný**  
not safe • *The old bridge was closed because it was unsafe for traffic.*

## Lesson 3 Reading p. 32

**keeper** (n) /'ki:pə(r)/ ❖ **ošetřovatel; chovatel**  
somebody whose job is to take care of animals in a certain place • *The book I'm reading is about a boy called Aaron, who got a job as an elephant keeper after he rescued a baby elephant in Zambia.*

**mural** (n) /'mjʊərəl/ ❖ **nástěnná malba**  
a painting or other work of art on a wall • *On our classroom wall, we painted a mural of wild animals in the jungle.*

**fashion** (n) /'fæʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **móda**

a particular style of clothes • *What do you think of the 1980s' fashions? Do you like those wide trousers?*

**wonder** (v) /'wʌndə(r)/ ❖ **divit se; lámat si hlavu (chtít vědět)**

think about something to decide what to do or what something is, etc. • *I wonder where my keys are. I can't find them anywhere.*

➤ wonder (n), wonderful (adj)

**hard** (adj) /hɑ:d/ ❖ **tvrdý; obtížný**

not easy; difficult • *It's hard to spot snakes on the mountain because they hide from people.*

➤ hard (adv)

**pay attention** (phr) /peɪ ə'tenʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **dávat pozor**

take care to do something carefully; listen to or watch somebody carefully • *Your writing skills will get better if you pay attention to spelling and grammar.*

**conservancy** (n) /kən'sɜ:vənsi/ ❖ **rezervace**

conservation area; an area where wild animals are protected • *Rhinos are well looked after by the keepers at the conservancy.*

➤ conserve (v), conservation (n)

## Lesson 5 Chant p. 34

**Sherpa** (n) /'ʃɜ:pə/ ❖ **šerpa**

a person from a particular group of people who come from Nepal in the Himalayas, who is well known for their knowledge of the mountains and ability to lead/help climbers • *Sir Edmund Hillary wouldn't have reached the top of Everest without his Sherpa guide, Tenzing Norgay.*

## Lesson 7 Video p. 36

**chin** (n) /tʃɪn/ ❖ **brada**

the part of your face under your mouth • *Jeremy has a short beard on his chin.*

**secure** (v) /si'kjʊə(r)/ ❖ **zajistit; upevnit**

put something in a safe position so it's not easy to fall or move out of place • *Make sure you've secured the parachute on your back before you jump.*

➤ secure (adj), securely (adv), security (n)

**tag** (n) /tæg/ ❖ **visačka; štítek**

a piece of plastic, metal or paper that has a number or name on it to identify something/somebody • *Write your name and phone number on the tag, and then tie or stick it onto your suitcase.*

➤ tag (v)

**affix** (v) /ə'fiks/ ❖ **přípevnit; přilepit**

attach something to something else • *You should affix stamps on the top right corner of the envelope before you post the letter.*

**pleased** (adj) /pli:zd/ ❖ **rád; potěšený**

happy • *I was pleased to hear that many zoos have sent rhinos safely back into their natural habitat.*

➤ please (v)

**manager** (n) /'mænidʒə(r)/ ❖ **manažer; ředitel**

somebody who is responsible for a business, shop, club, etc. • *Leonidas is the manager of our local football team.*

➤ manage (v), manageable (adj)

**bother** (v) /'bɒðə(r)/ ❖ **obtěžovat**

worry or annoy • *Bessie blocks any annoying caller's number on her phone so that they will stop bothering her.*

➤ bother (n)

## Unit 4 Let's get technical – Technické nadání

### p. 37

**technical** (adj) /'teknɪk(ə)l/ ❖ **technický**

related to machines or technology • *The phones and internet went off for a few hours in our area because of a technical problem.*

➤ technically (adv)

**technology** (n) /tek'nɒlədʒi/ ❖ **technologie**

the science used to discover and design new things • *Modern technology helps us to share information with people around the world quickly.*

➤ technological (adj)

**virtual reality** (n) /ˌvɜ:tʃuəl ri'æləti/ ❖ **virtuální realita**

sounds and pictures created by a computer that look and sound almost real to a user who is attached to it • *Museum visitors can wear virtual reality headsets to get an idea of how the city was in ancient times.*

### Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 38

**program** (n) /'prəʊgræm/ ❖ **program**

a set of instructions that tells a computer how to do something • *Natalie can't speak Russian, so she uses a computer program to translate text into English.*

➤ program (v), programmer (n)

**chat** (v) /tʃæt/ ❖ **povídat si; chatovat**

communicate in a friendly way by talking or sending texts • *Peter is always chatting to his friends on Facebook.*

➤ chat (n)

**connect** /kə'nekt/ ❖ **spojit; připojit**

link; join together two or more things • *If I can connect to the internet, I'll send you an email.*

➤ connection (n), connected (adj)

**delete** /di'li:t/ ❖ **vymazat**

remove something, e.g. words, emails or files on a computer • *Pauline deleted all the emails that she had already replied to.*

**do research** (phr) /dʊ ri'sɜ:tʃ/ /dʊ 'ri:sɜ:tʃ/ ❖ **dělat výzkum**

look for information about something to find out or prove facts about it • *In our economics class, we did some research about spending habits.*

**improve** (v) /ɪm'pru:v/ ❖ **zlepšit; zdokonalit**

make better; get better • *You need to improve your French before you take the exam.*

➤ improvement (n)

**repair** (v) /rɪ'peə(r)/ ❖ **opravit**  
fix • *I must repair my bike before I can use it again.*  
➤ repair (v), repaired (adj)

**save** (v) /seɪv/ ❖ **uložit; zachránit**  
keep • *Make sure you have saved back-up copies of the files before you send them on the internet.*

## Lesson 2 Grammar p. 39

**greet** (v) /gri:t/ ❖ **pozdravit**  
say something when you meet somebody or when you start a letter, email, etc. • *The hotel manager greeted us with a friendly smile.*  
➤ greeting (n)

**guest** (n) /gest/ ❖ **host**  
somebody who is staying at a hotel or in somebody else's home • *There were over 200 guests staying at the hotel.*

**capture** (v) /'kæptʃə/ ❖ **zajmout; chytit**  
catch somebody/something • *The police captured the thieves who stole the painting.*  
➤ capture (n)

**champion** (n) /'tʃæmpiən/ ❖ **mistr**  
somebody who wins a competition • *Billie Jean King was a world tennis champion.*  
➤ championship (n)

**defeat** (v) /dɪ'fi:t/ ❖ **porazit**  
fail to win • *We were unhappy when our team was defeated in the final.*  
➤ defeat (n)

## Lesson 3 Reading p. 40

**jaguar** (n) /'dʒæɡjuə(r)/ ❖ **jaguár**  
a large wild cat that has yellow-brown fur with large black spots, whose natural habitat is in South or Central America • *Like other big cats, jaguars are happier to live in the wild than in a zoo.*

**fix (onto)** (v) /fɪks ('ɒntə)/ /fɪks ('ɒntu)/ ❖ **přípevnit (na)**  
attach • *The rescue centre fixes tags onto the injured sea turtles to identify them when they return them to the sea.*

**engineer** (n) /,endʒi'niə(r)/ ❖ **inženýr; technik**  
somebody who designs or makes engines or machines • *Rosa studied hard at university to become a computer engineer.*  
➤ engineer (v), engineering (n)

**straight (into)** (adv) /streɪt ('ɪntə)/ /streɪt ('ɪntu)/ ❖ **přímo (do)**  
directly (towards) • *The explorer looked straight into the bear's eyes and tried not to show any fear.*  
➤ straight (adj)

**remote-controlled** (adj) /rɪ'məʊt kən'trəʊld/ ❖ **dálkově ovládaný**  
controlled by equipment without having to be touched by hand • *The lights in the house are remote-controlled, so they come on at the same time every night even when we're not at home.*  
➤ remote control (n)

**region** (n) /'ri:dʒən/ ❖ **region; oblast; kraj**  
a large area of land • *The Nevada Desert is one of the driest regions of the United States.*  
➤ regional (adj)

## Lesson 5 Chant p. 42

**panic** (v) /'pænik/ ❖ **panikařit**  
suddenly feel so frightened that you cannot think clearly • *Try not to panic if you see an accident, but stay calm and phone for help.*  
➤ panic (n), panic-stricken (adj)

**password** (n) /'pɑ:swɜ:d/ ❖ **heslo**  
a series of letters and/or numbers that you must type into a computer before you can use it  
• *Graham forgot his password for the website, so he couldn't check his bank account.*

**reset** (v) /,ri:'set/ ❖ **přenastavit**  
change the controls or code on something so it is ready to use again • *If you forget your password, just email the website and they'll send you a link to reset it.*

**weird** (adj) /wɪəd/ ❖ **podivný**  
very strange • *When the car began to make a weird noise, I knew something was wrong with the engine.*

**undo** (v) /ʌn'du:/ ❖ **odčinit; zrušit**  
cancel an action you have already done • *Liana realized she had copied the wrong text onto the page, so she clicked the 'undo' button to remove it.*

**waste bin** (n) /'weɪst bɪn/ ❖ **odpadkový koš**  
a container for rubbish; a place on a computer where deleted items are put • *I couldn't find the email you sent yesterday, but then I saw it was in the waste bin.*

## Lesson 6 Writing p. 43

**alarm clock** (n) /ə'la:m klɒk/ ❖ **budík**

a clock that rings at a certain time to wake you up • *Ian forgot to set his alarm clock, but he still woke up at the usual time.*

➤ alarm (v)

**button** (n) /'bʌt(ə)n/ ❖ **knoflík**

a switch on a machine, etc. • *I don't understand what all these buttons on the camera are for, so I just set everything to take photos automatically.*

**snooze** (v) /snu:z/ ❖ **zdřímnout si**

have a short sleep • *In some hot countries, people often take a snooze in the afternoon and go back to work in the evening.*

➤ snooze (n)

**edit** (v) /'edit/ ❖ **upravit; sestříhat**

make changes to a text, an image, etc. • *This photo is absolutely perfect; you don't need to edit it.*

➤ editor (n)

**document** (n) /'dɒkjumənt/ ❖ **dokument**

a computer file with written text • *Remember to save your document as you're writing so you don't lose any of your text changes.*

**download** (v) /,daʊn'ləʊd/ ❖ **stáhnout**

put a file from the internet onto your computer or a device • *Sometimes Alexei downloads music to listen to on his tablet.*

## Lesson 7 Video p. 44

**walkie-talkie** (n) /,wɔ:ki 'tɔ:ki/ ❖ **vysílačka**

a kind of radio that you can use to talk to another person or send messages • *The leader at the front of the large hiking group communicated with the leader at the back by walkie talkie to check that everybody was safe.*

**windscreen wiper** (n) /'wɪnskri:n waɪpə(r)/ ❖ **stěrač**

a device with a thin rubber edge that moves back and forth across a car window to clear off rain, etc. • *When it started to rain, the taxi driver switched on the windscreen wipers.*

➤ wipe (v)

## Reading extra 1 pp. 46–47

**voice** (n) /vɔɪs/ ❖ hlas

the sounds a person makes through their mouth to communicate • *People think parrots can talk because they can copy some sounds from a human voice.*

**various** (adj) /'veəriəs/ ❖ různý

many different types • *Dolphins communicate with each other using various sounds.*

➤ vary (v), variety (n)

**orca** (n) /'ɔ:kə/ ❖ kosatka dravá

a killer whale • *Although they are called killer whales, orcas are actually the largest type of dolphins.*

**blowhole** (n) /'bləʊhəʊl/ ❖ dýchací otvor

a hole on a whale's or dolphin's head that is used for breathing • *An orca takes in air through the blowhole on its back.*

**zero** (number) /'ziərəʊ/ ❖ nula

the number 0 • *In winter, the temperature is often below zero in the mountains.*

**rude** (adj) /ru:d/ ❖ hrubý; neomalený

not polite; not showing respect • *It's very rude to push in front of other people who are waiting in line for something.*

➤ rudely (adv), rudeness (n)

**gather** (v) /'gæðə(r)/ ❖ shromáždit (se)

collect; get together • *The fans gathered outside the theatre door, hoping to get the band's autographs.*

➤ gathering (n)

**herring** (n) /'herɪŋ/ ❖ sled'

a kind of oily fish from the north Atlantic Ocean and the Baltic Sea • *Herring is a popular fish that's often caught by fishermen from Scotland and Scandinavian countries.*

## Unit 5 Going places - Turistika

### Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 50

**cross** (v) /krɒs/ ❖ přelout; přejít

go from one side of a place to the other • *It took weeks to cross the Atlantic in a small boat.*

➤ crossing (n)

**suitcase** (n) /'su:tkeɪs/ ❖ kufr (cestovní)

a large bag with flat sides that you can pack clothes in to take travelling • *Stephanie packed all her summer clothes and swimsuits in her suitcase and went to the airport.*

**single** (adj) /'sɪŋɡ(ə)l/ ❖ jediný; nezadaný

only one • *There wasn't a single street light on, so the town was in complete darkness.*

**hurry** (v) /'hʌrɪ/ ❖ spěchat

move quickly • *There's no need to hurry; we've got plenty of time to finish the project.*

➤ hurry (n)

**set off** (phr v) /set ɒf/ ❖ vyrazit (na cestu)

start a journey • *What time will we set off on our trip tomorrow?*

**destination** (n) /destɪ'neɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ cíl (cesty)

the place you are going to • *We are about to start our flight from London and our destination is Dubai.*

**view** (n) /vju:/ ❖ výhled

what you can see from a place (often talking about a beautiful sight) • *They had a great view of the countryside from the window of the train.*

➤ view (v), viewing (adj), viewer (n)

### Lesson 2 Grammar p. 51

**construction** (n) /kən'strʌkʃ(ə)n/ ❖ výstavba

the process of building things, e.g. buildings, roads, etc. • *Since the construction work on the new bridge started, there have been huge traffic problems in the area.*

➤ construct (v)

**rebuild – rebuilt – rebuilt** (v) /ri:'bɪld – ri:'bɪlt – ri:'bɪlt/ ❖ přestavět - <minulý čas> - <příčestí minulé trpné>

build something again • *After the storm damage, many buildings in the town were rebuilt.*

### Lesson 3 Reading p. 52

**suspension bridge** (n) /sə'spenʃ(ə)n brɪdʒ/ ❖ **visutý most**

a type of bridge that hangs on strong metal wires that are held up by towers at the ends • *It's much faster to drive across the river since the new suspension bridge opened.*

**centimetre** (n) /'sentɪmi:tə(r)/ ❖ **centimetr**

a small unit of distance, 100th of a metre • *Yolanda asked the hairdresser just to cut about two centimetres off her hair to tidy it up.*

**wide** (adj) /waɪd/ ❖ **široký**

measuring from one side to the other • *The river isn't very wide here. I think we can jump across it.*

➤ widen (v), width (n)

**metre** (n) /'mi:tə(r)/ ❖ **metr**

100 centimetres • *The room is five metres long and four metres wide.*

➤ metric (adj)

**brave** (adj) /breɪv/ ❖ **statečný**

not afraid to do something • *You have to be brave to try kitesurfing.*

➤ bravery (n)

**height** (n) /haɪt/ ❖ **výška**

a high place • *Jake couldn't walk across the rope bridge because he's afraid of heights.*

➤ high (adj)

**tunnel** (n) /'tʌn(əl)/ ❖ **tunel**

a long passage through rock • *The train goes through a long tunnel to the other side of the mountain.*

➤ tunnel (v)

**load** (n) /ləʊd/ ❖ **náklad**

something, usually heavy, that is carried • *It's unkind to make donkeys carry heavy loads. They often get hurt doing so.*

➤ load (v)

**pedestrian** (n) /pə'destriən/ ❖ **chodec**

somebody who is walking in the street, not driving or riding • *There should be safe places for pedestrians to cross busy main roads, like a bridge or tunnel.*

➤ pedestrianise (v)

## Lesson 4 Grammar p. 53

**petrol** (n) /'petrəl/ ❖ **benzín** (UK)

oil used to make an engine work • *The driver stopped to put some petrol in the car.*

## Lesson 5 Chant p. 54

**relax** (v) /rɪ'læks/ ❖ **uvolnit se**

have a break and do something you like doing without stress • *Tom likes listening to music to relax before bedtime.*

➤ relaxed (adj), relaxation (n)

**cyclist** (n) /'saɪk(ə)lɪst/ ❖ **cyklista**

somebody who rides a bicycle • *Many cities have special paths for cyclists to use at the sides of busy roads.*

➤ cycle (n, v)

## Value Workbook, Lesson 6

**regularly** (adv) /'regjələli/ ❖ **pravidelně**

at regular intervals • *I go to the theatre quite regularly – I mean, about once a month.*

➤ regular (adj)

## Lesson 6 Writing p. 55

**population** (n) /,pɒpjʊ'leɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **obyvatelstvo**

the number of people who live in an area • *The UK has a population of over 65 million and the number seems to be growing every day.*

➤ populate (v)

**southernmost** (adj) /'sʌðənməʊst/ ❖ **nejjižnější**

furthest towards the south • *They sailed to the southernmost part of the island.*

**attraction** (n) /ə'trækʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **zajímavost**

an interesting activity or place to see; something that makes something/somebody interesting or fun • *One of London's biggest tourist attractions is the London Eye.*

➤ attract (v), attractive (adj)

**per** (prep) /pə(r)/ /pɜː(r)/ ❖ **za**

for each • *Irena goes to the gym four times per week.*

**border** (n) /'bɔːdə(r)/ ❖ **hranice**

the invisible line that separates two countries • *David has a sheep farm in Wales near the English border.*

## Lesson 7 Video p. 56

**surround** (v) /sə'raʊnd/ ❖ **obklopit**

be all around something/somebody • *The house was surrounded by trees and plants.*

➤ surroundings (n pl)

**melt** (v) /melt/ ❖ **roztát**

heat something, e.g. ice, to turn it into liquid; become liquid because of heat • *Put the ice cream in the freezer or it will melt.*

**downhill** (adv) /,daʊn'hɪl/ ❖ **z kopce**

in a direction down, towards the bottom of a hill • *It's easy to ride a bike downhill, but you have to be able to control it to make it stop.*

**uphill** (adv) /,ʌp'hɪl/ ❖ **do kopce**

in a direction up, towards the top of a hill • *The hikers were tired after walking uphill all day.*

## Unit 6 Fantastic festivals – Skvělé slavnosti

p. 57

**notice** (v) /'nəʊtɪs/ ❖ všimnout si

see or hear something • *I notice you've had a haircut. It looks good.*

➤ notice (n), noticeable (adj)

### Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 58

**second** (n) /'sekənd/ ❖ vteřina

a very short measure of time; one sixtieth of a minute • *The phone only rang for a few seconds, so I didn't have time to answer it.*

**minute** (n) /'mɪnɪt/ ❖ minuta

a short measure of time; a period of 60 seconds • *You can boil an egg in three minutes.*

**hour** (n) /'aʊə(r)/ ❖ hodina

a measure of time; a period of 60 minutes • *The bus leaves in half an hour. Let's have a cup of coffee while we're waiting.*

**month** (n) /mʌnθ/ ❖ měsíc

one of twelve parts of the year • *Which month is your birthday? Is it March or April?*

**spring** (n) /sprɪŋ/ ❖ jaro

the season after winter and before summer • *The flowers look beautiful in the fields in spring.*

**summer** (n) /'sʌmə(r)/ ❖ léto

the hottest season of the year • *In summer, we don't go to school and we often go on holidays.*

**autumn** (n) /'ɔ:təm/ ❖ podzim (UK)

the season after summer and before winter • *The weather begins to get cooler and the leaves change colour in the autumn.*

**winter** (n) /'wɪntə(r)/ ❖ zima

the coldest season of the year • *Do you enjoy winter sports like snowboarding?*

**century** (n) /'sentʃəri/ ❖ století

a period of 100 years • *The internet was invented during the twentieth century.*

**midday** (n) /,mɪd'deɪ/ ❖ poledne

12 o'clock in the daytime at the end of the morning • *Office workers often have their lunch break around midday.*

**midnight** (n) /'mɪdnaɪt/ ❖ **půlnoc**

12 o'clock at night • *Our plane arrives in Paris at midnight, so we can catch the night bus from the airport.*

**a.m.** (abbr) /,eɪ 'em/ ❖ **ráno a dopoledne**

the time after 12 o'clock midnight until 12 o'clock midday; used after a number for the time in the morning • *Florence has breakfast at 7 a.m.*

**p.m.** (abbr) /,pi: 'em/ ❖ **odpoledne a večer**

the time after 12 o'clock midday until 12 o'clock midnight; used after a number for the time in the afternoon or evening up to midnight • *My tennis practice is at 4.30 p.m.*

**blossom** (n) /'blɒsəm/ ❖ **květ**

a flower on a plant or tree • *The air was filled with the fresh smell of orange blossoms.*

➤ blossom (v)

### **Lesson 3    Reading    p. 60**

**mixture** (n) /'mɪkstʃə(r)/ ❖ **směs**

a combination of different things • *The music at the festival was a mixture of sounds from all over the world.*

➤ mix (v)

**tropical fruit** (n) /'trɒpɪkəl fru:t/ ❖ **tropické ovoce**

fruit that comes from the countries in the hottest part of Earth near the equator • *Tropical fruits, like mangoes and bananas, are tasty and colourful.*

**seafood** (n) /'si:fu:d/ ❖ **plody moře**

fish and shellfish • *This restaurant serves seafood, such as fish, crab and prawns.*

**raw** (adj) /rɔ:/ ❖ **syrový**

uncooked • *A meal of sushi often includes raw fish.*

**mud** (n) /mʌd/ ❖ **bahno**

wet earth • *It was raining, so the hikers got mud on their boots.*

➤ muddy (adj)

**skin** (n) /skɪn/ ❖ **kůže; pokožka**

the outside cover of your body • *Nancy doesn't sit in the sun too long because she's got fair skin that gets burnt easily.*

**pour** (v) /pɔ:(r)/ ❖ **lít**

put (liquid) into a container or over something/somebody • *The weather was very hot and the children poured water over each other to have fun keeping cool.*

## Value      Workbook, Lesson 6

**culture** (n) /'kʌltʃə(r)/ ❖ **kultura**

the way things are traditionally done in a country, especially in connection with art, literature, music, etc. • *Windmills and canals are symbols of Dutch culture.*

➤ cultural (adj)

### Lesson 4      Grammar      p. 61

**muddy** (adj) /'mʌdi/ ❖ **bahnitý; zabahněný**

covered in mud • *Please take your muddy shoes off at the door when you come in.*

➤ mud (n)

### Lesson 5      Chant      p. 62

**tap** (v) /tæp/ ❖ **podupávat**

hit your feet softly against the floor, or fingers on a table, etc. • *The audience tapped their feet to the beat of the music.*

➤ tap (n)

**go to waste** (expr) /gəʊ tə weɪst/ ❖ **promarnit**

not be used • *I know you're tired, but keep going till you finish your course, or all your hard work will go to waste.*

**breeze** (n) /bri:z/ ❖ **vánek**

a light wind • *There was a cool evening breeze that turned into a strong wind as the clouds got closer.*

➤ breezy (adj)

### Lesson 6      Writing      p. 63

**hot-air balloon** (n) /,hɒt 'eə(r) bælu:n/ ❖ **horkovzdušný balón**

a very large balloon that is filled with hot air to move high above the ground, usually with a large basket below that carries people • *The morning sky was filled with hot-air balloons carrying tourists above Cappadocia.*

**experience** (n) /ɪk'spiəriəns/ ❖ **zkušnost; zážitek**

an activity that has an effect on somebody • *Being in the car accident was a scary experience that he never wanted to happen again.*

➤ experience (v), experienced (adj)

## Lesson 7 Video p. 64

**pottery** (n) /'pɒtəri/ ❖ **keramika**

the act of making dishes and pots by hand from clay • *Liz learnt some basic pottery skills at the class and she made some small vases.*

➤ potter (n), pot (n)

**costume** (n) /'kɒstju:m/ ❖ **kostým; kroj**

special clothes you wear to look like somebody/something else • *Don't tell me you're going to wear that clown costume to the party.*

**powder** (n) /'paʊdə(r)/ ❖ **prášek; prach**

very small pieces of soft dry material • *We know the dog has eaten the cake; he's got chocolate powder all over his nose!*

➤ powder (v), powdery (adj)

**exhibition** (n) /,eksi'biʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **výstava**

a show of things for people to see, e.g. in a museum • *There was an exhibition of students' paintings and other artwork at the school fair.*

➤ exhibit (v, n), exhibitor (n)

## Function 2: Agreeing and disagreeing p. 65

**so** (adv) /səʊ/ ❖ **tak**

used after a verb to avoid repeating something already mentioned • *'I think it's going to rain.'* *'I think so, too.'*

**quite** (adv) /kwaɪt/ ❖ **docela**

really • *This snake looks a bit scary, but it's quite safe to touch it.*

## School trip 2 pp. 66–67

**expedition** (n) /,ekspə'diʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **expedice**

a journey to explore a place • *The team of scientists will begin their expedition across the desert next month.*

**tripod** (n) /'traɪpɒd/ ❖ **trojnožka; stativ**

a three-legged support for a camera or telescope • *It's hard to hold the camera steady by hand, so try putting it on a tripod.*

**tin foil** (n) /tɪn fɔɪl/ ❖ **alobal**

very thin sheets of metal used for wrapping food in for cooking • *To make baked potatoes, just wash them, then wrap them in tin foil and cook them in the oven.*

**tape** (n) /teɪp/ ❖ páska

a long piece of thin material that's sticky on one side • *I put a piece of sticky tape around the parcel to keep it closed.*

**blanket** (n) /'blæŋkɪt/ ❖ deka

a large thick cover put onto a bed to keep you warm • *There are extra blankets in the bedroom in case you feel cold at night.*

## Unit 7 Extreme sports – Adrenalinové sporty

### p. 69

**compete** (v) /kəm'pi:t/ ❖ **soutěžit**

take part in a competition or sport • *Hundreds of tennis players compete at Wimbledon every year.*

➤ competitor (n), competition (n), competitive (adj), competitively (adv)

**risky** (adj) /'riski/ ❖ **riskatní**

dangerous • *It's silly to do anything too risky, like sailing in bad weather.*

➤ risk (n), riskily (adv)

**unicycling** (n) /'ju:nɪ,sai(k(ə)liŋ/ ❖ **ježdění na jednokolce**

the activity of riding a unicycle (a cycle with one wheel) • *Would you like to try unicycling up and down a mountain path? It's quite a difficult and dangerous sport.*

➤ unicycle (n, v)

### Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 70

**challenging** (adj) /'tʃælɪndʒɪŋ/ ❖ **náročný**

difficult in an interesting way • *Being a doctor is a challenging job because other people's lives depend on you.*

➤ challenge (n, v)

**route** (n) /ru:t/ ❖ **trasa**

the way from one place to another • *Do you know the route to the airport?*

➤ route (v)

**concentrate (on)** (v) /'kɒns(ə)ntreɪt (ɒn)/ ❖ **soustředit se (na)**

give all your attention to something • *I can't concentrate on my work when the neighbours are making so much noise.*

➤ concentration (n), concentrated (adj)

**accident** (n) /'æksɪdənt/ ❖ **nehoda**

something (usually bad) that happens without you expecting it • *Ride your bike carefully or you might have an accident.*

➤ accidental (adj), accidentally (adv)

**beginner** (n) /bɪ'gɪnə(r)/ ❖ začátečník

somebody who is new at doing or learning something • *I can't speak Portuguese, so I've joined the beginners' class.*

➤ begin (v), beginning (n)

**expert** (n) /'ekspɜ:t/ ❖ odborník

a person who knows a lot about something or can do something very well • *So you say you're an expert on history. When did the Romans first come to Britain?*

➤ expert (adj), expertly (adv)

## Lesson 2 Grammar p. 71

**rule** (n) /ru:l/ ❖ pravidlo

an instruction that says how things must be done or what is allowed • *One of the rules at my school is that we can't use mobile phones or smartwatches in exams.*

➤ rule (v), ruler (n), ruling (n)

## Lesson 3 Reading p. 72

**flow** (v) /fləʊ/ ❖ téci; plynout

move easily in one direction • *The River Nile flows into the Mediterranean Sea.*

➤ flow (n)

**steeply** (adv) /'sti:pli/ ❖ prudce; strmě

in a way that goes up or down very quickly on a slope • *The road went steeply up towards the top of the hill.*

➤ steep (adj)

**specially** (adv) /'speʃəli/ ❖ zvlášť

in a special way for a particular purpose • *The baker made a cake specially for Ethan's sixteenth birthday.*

➤ special (adj)

**steep** (adj) /sti:p/ ❖ prudký; strmý

this describes a slope that goes up or down very quickly • *The group had to stop for some breaks when they were walking up the steep hill.*

➤ steeply (adv)

**frightening** (adj) /'fraɪt(ə)nɪŋ/ ❖ děsivý

that makes you afraid • *It was a frightening experience when our plane nearly crashed.*

➤ frighten (v), fright (n), frightened (adj), frighteningly (adv)

**trap** (v) /træp/ ❖ **chytit do pasti**

put something in a place where it's impossible to leave • *The turtle was trapped in the fishing net and couldn't move.*

➤ trap (n)

**luckily** (adv) /'lʌkɪli/ ❖ **naštěstí**

through good luck • *We almost missed the train to Moscow. Luckily for us, it left late because of the bad weather.*

➤ lucky (adj)

**wetsuit** (n) /'wetsu:t/ ❖ **neoprenová kombinéza**

an item of waterproof clothing made of rubber that fits over the whole body • *Keira wears her wetsuit to swim in the sea when it's cold in winter.*

**paddle** (v) /'pæd(ə)l/ ❖ **pádlovat**

row a boat using a pole or poles with a flat end • *Ted paddled the raft down the river.*

➤ paddle (n)

**go with the flow** (expr) /gəʊ wɪð ðə fləʊ/ ❖ **nechat věci plynout; jít cestou nejmenšího odporu**

do the same as others are doing • *Just relax and go with the flow. You'll enjoy the experience.*

**time-lapse** (adj) /'taɪm læps/ ❖ **časoběrný**

made by taking a number of images, one after the other, then put together to look as if the process of something happened quickly • *Sally made a time-lapse video of the spider making its web.*

## Lesson 5 Chant p. 74

**whizz** (v) /wɪz/ ❖ **prosvištět**

move very fast • *The drone whizzed across the sky taking photos of the land below.*

**flip** (v) /flɪp/ ❖ **přetočit; převrátit**

turn over quickly into a different position • *The diver flipped over in the air before he landed in the pool.*

➤ flip (n)

**surely** (adv) /'ʃʊəli/ ❖ **zcela jistě**

used to mean you think something is probably for sure • *Surely the snow will stop soon, won't it?*

## Lesson 6 Writing p. 75

**mountain range** (n) /'maʊntən reɪndʒ/ ❖ **pohoří**

a group or line of mountains located close together • *The Cairngorms is the highest mountain range in the UK.*

**explanation** (n) /,eksplə'neɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **vysvětlení**

the reason given for why something happened or why something was done • *The teacher gave us a good explanation of how to do the exercise.*

➤ explain (v), explanatory (adj)

## Lesson 7 Video p. 76

**split – split – split** (v) /splɪt – splɪt – splɪt/ ❖ **rozdělit - <minulý čas> - <příčestí minulé trpné>**

makes something into two or more parts • *The football coach split the players into two teams of five.*

**choose – chose – chosen** (v) /tʃu:z – tʃəʊz – 'tʃəʊz(ə)n/ ❖ **vybrat - <minulý čas> - <příčestí minulé trpné>**

decide which of two or more things you want • *If you had to choose an extreme sport to try, which would it be?*

## Unit 8 Tales of survival – Příběhy o přežití

### Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 78

**realize** (v) /'ri:əlaɪz/ ❖ **uvědomit si**

start to understand (that something is happening or true) • *They realized they were going the wrong way when they saw the signpost.*

➤ realization (n)

**battery** (n) /'bæt(ə)ri/ ❖ **baterie**

something that you put in a machine or device to give it electricity to make it work • *The laptop isn't working because it needs a new battery.*

**dead** (adj) /ded/ ❖ **nefungující**

not working because there's no power • *The phone lines were dead after the bad storm.*

➤ die (v)

**horrible** (adj) /'hɒrəb(ə)l/ ❖ **hrozný**

very bad • *Getting lost in the snowstorm was a horrible experience. We were so scared!*

➤ horribly (adv)

**search** (v) /sɜ:tʃ/ ❖ **hledat; pátrat**

look for • *The police often use dogs to search for people who are missing.*

➤ search (n)

**inside out** (expr) /,ɪn'saɪd aʊt/ ❖ **naruby**

with the inside part of something on the outside • *Jenny felt a bit silly when she realized she was wearing her T-shirt inside out.*

**charge** (v) /tʃɑ:dʒ/ ❖ **nabít**

put electricity into something so it will work • *Where can I charge my smartphone? The battery is almost dead.*

➤ charge (n), charger (n)

**lifeboat** (n) /'laɪfbəʊt/ ❖ **záchranný člun**

a special boat that is sent to rescue people who are in danger at sea • *The lifeboats went out to rescue the fishermen who were in trouble on the stormy sea.*

**stay behind** (phr v) /steɪ bi'haɪnd/ ❖ **zůstat na místě; zdržet se**

not leave somewhere when others go; remain • *Three of the plane crash survivors went to look for help while the others stayed behind.*

### Lesson 3 Reading p. 80

**kindness** (n) /'kaɪndnəs/ ❖ **laskavost**

the quality of being friendly and caring • *Thank you for your kindness. I'll never forget how much you helped me.*

➤ kind (n), kindly (adv)

**stranger** (n) /'streɪndʒə(r)/ ❖ **cizí člověk; cizinec**

somebody that you do not know • *The local people aren't very friendly towards strangers. I understand that's because of the recent war.*

➤ strange (adj), strangely (adv)

**treatment** (n) /'tri:tmənt/ ❖ **léčba**

medical attention given to somebody who is ill • *The best treatment for a cold is rest, plenty of tea and fruit juice, and some painkillers.*

➤ treat (v)

**alive** (adj) /ə'laɪv/ ❖ **živý**

living • *The pilot was lucky to be alive after his plane crashed.*

### Value Workbook, Lesson 6

**kind** (adj) /kaɪnd/ ❖ **laskavý**

friendly and caring • *Mr Jackson is a kind person. He always helps other people and animals in trouble.*

➤ kindness (n), kindly (adv)

### Lesson 4 Grammar p. 81

**text** (n) /tekst/ ❖ **text**

a piece of writing • *Read the text quickly first. Then read the questions and read it again more carefully.*

➤ text (v)

### Lesson 5 Chant p. 82

**statue** (n) /'stætʃu:/ ❖ **socha**

a figure of a person, animal or object that somebody makes from stone or metal • *There's a statue of King Robert the Bruce near Stirling Castle.*

## Lesson 6 Writing p. 83

**tip** (n) /tɪp/ ❖ rada

a piece of advice • *Can you give me some tips on how to prepare for my first job interview?*

**explain** (v) /ɪk'spleɪn/ ❖ vysvětlit

give details or describe something for somebody to understand • *Malcolm explained how to get to the restaurant.*

➤ explanation (n)

## Lesson 7 Video p. 84

**rowing boat** (n) /'rəʊɪŋ bæʊt/ ❖ veslice

a small boat that you move by using paddles • *We hired a rowing boat to go around the island on the lake.*

➤ row (v)

**attempt** (n) /ə'tempt/ ❖ pokus

try and do something; often something difficult • *The juggler made a new world record attempt by trying to juggle as many objects as possible without dropping them.*

➤ attempt (v)

**row** (v) /rəʊ/ ❖ veslovat

make a boat move across water by pulling on paddles/oars • *There was no wind for the sails, so we rowed the boat to the island.*

➤ rowing (n)

## Reading extra 2 pp. 86–87

**gourd** (n) /ɡʊəd/ ❖ tykev

a fruit that has hard skin which is used to make a container • *A line of painted gourds decorated the restaurant wall.*

**judge** (v) /dʒʌdʒ/ ❖ hodnotit; posuzovat

decide what you think about something • *How do you judge what makes a good book?*

➤ judge (n)

**wisdom** (n) /'wɪzdəm/ ❖ moudrost

knowledge about life • *Georgia's grandchildren have learnt a lot from her words of wisdom.*

➤ wise (adj)

**slug** (n) /slʌɡ/ ❖ slimák

a small soft animal with no legs, like a snail without a shell • *Dad's a bit annoyed that slugs have eaten his lettuces in the garden.*

**snail** (n) /sneɪl/ ❖ **šnek**

a small animal with a soft body that lives inside a shell and moves very slowly • *The snail slid slowly across the rocks.*

**grasshopper** (n) /'grɑ:ʃɒpə(r)/ ❖ **kobylka; saranče**

an insect that eats plants, jumps high and can make sounds with its legs • *Grasshoppers have very long back legs so they can move far by jumping from place to place.*

**steal – stole – stolen** (v) /sti:l – stəʊl – 'stəʊlən/ ❖ **ukrást - <minulý čas> - <příčestí minulé trpné>**

take something that belongs to somebody else without permission • *Somebody stole Megan's bag when she was on the bus.*

➤ stolen (adj), stealing (n)

**share** (v) /ʃeə(r)/ ❖ **sdílet; dělit se; mít společně**

give part of what you have to others • *Michael shared his sandwiches with the poor hungry man on the park bench.*

➤ share (n)

## Unit 9 Exploring the world – Poznáváme svět

p. 89

**paleoanthropologist** (n) /ˌpæliəʊænθrəpɒlədʒɪst/ ❖ **paleoantropolog**  
somebody whose job is to study human bones and fossils • *The paleoanthropologist examined the skull of a human, which was thousands of years old.*  
➤ paleoanthropology (n)

**comedian** (n) /kə'mi:diən/ ❖ **komik**  
somebody who entertains people by telling funny stories or jokes • *Ricky is a great comedian, who can make clever jokes about some serious ideas.*  
➤ comedy (n)

**continent** (n) /'kɒntɪnənt/ ❖ **světadíl**  
one of the large masses of land on Earth • *Not many people live on the continent of Antarctica. It's too cold!*  
➤ continental (adj)

**Neanderthal** (adj) /ni'ændəθɑ:l/ ❖ **neandrtálský**  
a type of human who lived in a very basic way in Europe and Asia in an early period in history • *Some of the earliest Neanderthal bones we know about are from 450,000 years ago.*  
➤ Neanderthal (n)

**skull** (n) /skʌl/ ❖ **lebka**  
the bones of a person's or animal's head • *The warrior hit his enemy on the head with an axe and broke his skull.*

### Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 90

**trek** (n) /trek/ ❖ **túra**  
a long walk; a hike • *After a five-hour trek through the jungle, they stopped to camp for the night.*  
➤ trek (v), trekking (n)

**have the chance** (phr) /hæv ðə tʃɑ:ns/ ❖ **mít příležitost**  
find the possibility • *My grandparents never had the chance to travel to other countries. Travelling was more difficult and they didn't have enough money.*  
➤ chance (n)

**bite – bit – bitten** (v) /baɪt – bɪt – 'bɪt(ə)n/ ❖ **kousnout - <minulý čas> - <příčestí minulé trpné>**  
use teeth to cut something • *I get huge red spots when mosquitoes bite me.*  
➤ bite (n)

**sting – stung – stung** (v) /stɪŋ – stʌŋ – stʌŋ/ ❖ **bodnout; štípnout** - <minulý čas> - <příčestí minulé trpné>

touch the skin in a way that hurts and you feel a sudden pain • *Ouch! I've been stung by a wasp.*

➤ sting (n), stinging (adj)

**backpack** (n) /'bækpæk/ ❖ **batoh**

a large bag that you can carry on your back • *The Sherpas were carrying large backpacks with their tents and clothes.*

➤ backpacker (n)

**run out (of)** (phr v) /rʌn aʊt (əv)/ ❖ **dojít**

use all that you have of something • *We've run out of bread. Can you go and buy some?*

**fang** (n) /fæŋ/ ❖ **tesák**

one of two long sharp teeth at the front of an animal's mouth • *When the wolf got its fangs into the rabbit, there was no way it could escape.*

### Lesson 3 Reading p. 92

**mastodon** (n) /'mæstə,dɒn/ ❖ **mastodont**

an animal like an elephant that lived about ten thousand years ago • *Mastodons became extinct over 10,000 years ago.*

**point** (n) /pɔɪnt/ ❖ **bod; špička**

the thin sharp end of something • *Tracy sharpened the point of her pencil.*

➤ pointed (adj), point (v)

**observatory** (n) /əb'zɜ:vətɹi/ ❖ **hvězdárna**

a building from which you look through a telescope at things in space • *We went on a school trip to the observatory to learn more about planets.*

➤ observe (v), observation (n)

**coin** (n) /kɔɪn/ ❖ **mince**

a piece of metal which is money • *I paid for my tea with a one-pound coin.*

**coast** (n) /kəʊst/ ❖ **pobřeží**

the land next to the sea • *Looking across the English Channel, we could see the coast of France in the distance.*

➤ coastal (adj)

**be worth** (phr) /bi wɜ:θ/ ❖ **stát za; mít hodnotu**

be useful enough to do; have a value • *It's a lovely necklace, but it isn't worth the price they're asking.*

## Lesson 5 Chant p. 94

**fuss** (n) /fʌs/ ❖ (zbytečný) povyk; poprask

worry or excitement that isn't needed or wanted; a lot of noise or complaints about something • *The teacher made a fuss about me forgetting to do my homework again.*

➤ fuss (v), fussy (adj)

## Lesson 6 Writing p. 95

**advantage** (n) /əd'vɑ:ntɪdʒ/ ❖ výhoda

something that is good about something • *The advantage of using the school bus is that you can chat with your classmates on the way home.*

➤ advantageous (adj)

**disadvantage** (n) /'dɪsəd,vɑ:ntɪdʒ/ ❖ nevýhoda

something that is bad about something • *The disadvantage of living on a farm is that I have to travel a long way to school.*

➤ advantageous (adj)

**on the other hand** (expr) /ɒn ði 'ʌðə(r) hænd/ ❖ na druhou stranu

used to introduce an opposite opinion or different idea to the one before • *In some ways it's nice to be an only child. On the other hand, it would be good to have brothers and sisters to play with.*

**argument** (n) /'ɑ:gjumənt/ ❖ argument; hádka

a reason to support an opinion or idea • *If you disagree with Mum, you need to come up with a strong argument not to do what she says.*

➤ argue (v), argumentative (adj)

**contrast** (n) /'kɒntrɑ:st/ ❖ kontrast; protiklad

a clear difference between two things • *There is a huge contrast between living in a quiet village and life in the centre of London.*

➤ contrast (v)

## Lesson 7 Video p. 96

**shipwreck** (n) /'ʃɪprek/ ❖ vrak (lodi)

a ship that has sunk at sea • *The ancient machine was found in a shipwreck on the bottom of the sea off the south coast of Greece.*

➤ shipwreck (v), shipwrecked (adj)

**disk** (n) /dɪsk/ ❖ disk; kotouč

a flat circular object • *Historians have managed to understand some of the writing on the ancient stone disk found in Crete.*

**wrap** (v) /ræp/ ❖ **zabalit; zavinout**

put something such as paper or material around something • *Wrap the baby in her blanket to keep her warm.*

➤ wrapper (n)

**confirm** (v) /kən'fɜ:m/ ❖ **potvrdit**

show something to be true • *Please reply by email to confirm whether you will be at the meeting.*

➤ confirmation (n)

**symbolize** (v) /'sɪmbəlaɪz/ ❖ **symbolizovat**

represent something • *The figure of the bull on the cave wall symbolized the idea of strength.*

➤ symbol (n), symbolic (adj)

## Unit 10 Great museums – Významná muzea

p. 97

**display** (v) /di'spleɪ/ ❖ **vystavit**

put something in a place where people can see it • *A large number of historic sculptures from ancient Greece are displayed at the British Museum and the Louvre.*

➤ display (n)

**visitor** (n) /'vɪzɪtə(r)/ ❖ **návštěvník**

somebody who goes to see somebody/something • *How many visitors came to the museum last week?*

➤ visit (n)

**coral** (n) /'kɒrəl/ ❖ **korál**

a kind of rock made from the bones of small sea creatures • *The fishing boats sailed down the coast of Croatia, looking for corals to collect and sell for making jewellery.*

### Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 98

**touch** (v) /tʌtʃ/ ❖ **dotknout se**

put your hand or part of your body on something • *The ball touched the net before the goalkeeper could stop it.*

➤ touching (adj), touch (n)

**admire** (v) /əd'maɪə(r)/ ❖ **obdivovat**

look at something and think it is attractive • *I really admire her; she is so talented and creative.*

➤ admiration (n), admirable (adj)

**enter a competition** (expr) /'entə(r) ə ,kɒmpə'tɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **přihlásit se do soutěže**

put your name on a list to take part in a contest • *Marinos entered the swimming competition and came first in every race.*

**fascinating** (adj) /'fæsɪneɪtɪŋ/ ❖ **úchvatný**

very interesting • *We heard a fascinating story about how people used to spread news in the past.*

➤ fascinate (v), fascinated (adj), fascination (n)

**opening time** (n) /'ɔ:pənɪŋ taɪm/ ❖ **začátek otevírací doby**

the time when a shop, restaurant, café, etc. begins serving customers • *The normal business opening time in the UK is 9 a.m. but these days some shops and services are open 24 hours.*

**closing time** (n) /'kləʊzɪŋ taɪm/ ❖ **konec otevírací doby**

the time when a shop, restaurant, café, etc. stops serving customers • *Yiannis hates it when customers arrive at his restaurant to order food ten minutes before closing time.*

**go out** (phr v) /gəʊ aʊt/ ❖ **jít ven (za zábavou)**

leave your house to take part in a social event • *I don't feel like going out tonight. Let's stay in and play board games.*

**unusual** (adj) /ʌn'ju:ʒuəl/ ❖ **neobvyklý**

not usual; different • *It's unusual to have temperatures over 30°C in Scotland.*

➤ usual (opp)

**aquarium** (n) /ə'kwɛəriəm/ ❖ **akvárium**

a container for fish or other animals to live in; a building where people go to see fish and other sea animals • *We visited the aquarium at the marine research centre and saw some small sharks.*

## **Value      Workbook, Lesson 6**

**fossil** (n) /'fɒs(ə)l/ ❖ **zkamenělina**

the remains of an animal or plant found in a rock • *We found a fossil of a shellfish in the rocks on the hill.*

➤ fossilize (v), fossilized (adj)

## **Lesson 2      Grammar      p. 99**

**sort** (n) /sɔ:t/ ❖ **druh**

a kind; a type • *What sort of music do you like listening to?*

➤ sort (v)

**article** (n) /'ɑ:tɪk(ə)l/ ❖ **článek**

a piece of writing about something/somebody in a newspaper, magazine or on a website • *Did you read the article about children working in factories?*

### Lesson 3 Reading p. 100

**sign language** (n) /'saɪn læŋgwɪdʒ/ ❖ **znakový jazyk**

a way of communicating with deaf people that uses hand movements instead of words • *My brother is deaf, so I learnt sign language to communicate with him.*

**cocoon** (n) /kə'ku:n/ ❖ **zámotek**

a silk cover that some insects make to protect themselves • *Caterpillars come out of their cocoons when they have grown into butterflies.*

**candy floss** (n) /'kændi flɒs/ ❖ **cukrová vata**

a kind of sweet made from threads of melted sugar served on a long stick • *At the fair, there were street-food sellers selling toffee apples and candy floss.*

**torchlight** (n) /'tɔ:tʃlaɪt/ ❖ **světlo baterky (UK); světlo pochodně (US)**

the light from a torch • *After sunset, the campers followed the path back to their tents by torchlight.*

**paleontology** (n) /,pæliən'tɒlədʒɪ/ ❖ **paleontologie**

the act of studying fossils • *There was a really interesting exhibition on paleontology at the museum.*

➤ paleontologist (n)

### Lesson 5 Chant p. 102

**in case** (expr) /ɪn keɪs/ ❖ **pro případ**

because of a chance that something might happen • *Bring a jacket in case the weather gets cold.*

**beast** (n) /bi:st/ ❖ **zvíře; bestie**

an animal • *At the end of the film, Shrek discovers that the princess is really a beast, just like him.*

**snore** (n) /snɔ:(r)/ ❖ **chrápat**

a sound you make with your nose and mouth when you're sleeping • *I couldn't sleep on the campsite because I could hear somebody's loud snores in the next tent.*

➤ snore (v)

## Lesson 6 Writing p. 103

**(diary) entry** (n) /('daɪəri) 'entri/ ❖ **záznam (v diáři; deníku)**

a piece of information written in a diary about scheduled plans or something you did on a particular day • *The entries in Alan's diary include meeting times and other things he has to do on each day.*

➤ enter (v)

**instant** (adj) /'ɪnstənt/ ❖ **instantní; okamžitý**

that can be made easily in a short time; happening right away • *Astronauts can't cook fresh food in a spacecraft, so they have to eat instant food from a tube.*

➤ instantly (adv)

**personal** (adj) /'pɜːsən(ə)l/ ❖ **osobní**

belonging to one person • *I never give all my personal details on social media sites.*

➤ personally (adj), personality (n)

## Lesson 7 Video p. 104

**skeleton** (n) /'skelɪtən/ ❖ **kostra**

all the bones of a body • *Did you know that there are over 200 bones in an adult human skeleton?*

➤ skeletal (adj)

**terracotta** (n) /terə'kɒtə/ ❖ **terakota; neglazurovaná vypálená hlína**

hard, reddish-brown clay • *What a lovely terracotta vase! Did you make it at your pottery class?*

**warrior** (n) /'wɒriə(r)/ ❖ **válečník; bojovník**

a fighter; a soldier • *The warriors fought with swords and spears.*

➤ war (n)

**emperor** (n) /'empərə(r)/ ❖ **císař**

the ruler of a group of countries or states • *The first emperor of China, who ruled for 11 years from 221 BC, gave the orders to build the Great Wall.*

**architecture** (n) /'ɑːkɪtektʃə(r)/ ❖ **architektura**

The study and job of designing new buildings • *Daphne wants to design buildings made of eco-friendly materials, so she is studying architecture at university.*

➤ architect (n)

**accept** (v) /ək'sept/ ❖ **přijmout**

make somebody feel welcome and part of a group; agree that something is okay • *Thérèse accepted the invitation to her colleague's wedding.*

➤ acceptance (n)

**refuse** (v) /rɪ'fju:z/ ❖ **odmítnout**

say you don't want something from somebody; say you won't do something that somebody asks you to • *Anita refused the offer of a job with the company as she didn't want to move to another town.*

➤ refusal (n)

**suggest** (v) /sə'dʒest/ ❖ **navrhnout**

give a piece of advice or an idea or opinion about something • *Louisa suggested that we all meet at her house tomorrow.*

➤ suggestion (n)

### **School trip 3**

**pp. 106–107**

**limestone** (n) /'laɪmstəʊn/ ❖ **vápenec**

a type of soft rock that often contains bones from sea creatures • *When you look closely at some ancient ruins, you can see the bones of shellfish on the limestone walls.*

**natural** (adj) /'nætʃrəl/ ❖ **přírodní; přirozený**

made by nature; not made by people • *The sea is the only natural home for dolphins.*

➤ nature (n), naturally (adv)

**slip** (v) /slɪp/ ❖ **uklouznout**

move smoothly over something by accident and fall or almost fall • *Be careful not to slip – there's ice on the path.*

➤ slippery (adj), slip (n)

**chalk** (n) /tʃɔ:k/ ❖ **křída**

a kind of stone that is soft and white • *We could see the famous white cliffs of Dover, which are made of chalk, as we flew over the south coast of England.*

## Unit 11 Very mysterious! – Velká záhada!

p. 109

**mysterious** (adj) /mɪ'stɪəriəs/ ❖ **tajemný; záhadný**

strange; difficult to explain • *George woke up when he heard a mysterious noise in the middle of the night. Luckily, it was just a cat!*

➤ mystery (n), mysteriously (adv)

**glow-worm** (n) /'gləʊ wɜ:m/ ❖ **světluška větší**

a kind of insect that produces a light at the end of its tail • *The garden tree was surrounded by tiny lights from the glow-worms at night.*

### Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 110

**(western) harrier** (n) /('westən) 'hæriə(r)/ ❖ **moták pochop**

a kind of bird that hunts and kills other animals for food • *Western harriers are hunting birds that live in north-west Africa and parts of Europe and Asia.*

**GPS** (abbr) /,dʒi: pi: 'es/ ❖ **GPS**

Global Positioning System: an electronic system that uses satellite signals to tell you where you are • *Lynn used the GPS on her phone to find the way to the hotel.*

**mystery** (n) /'mɪstri/ ❖ **záhada**

something that's difficult to explain or understand • *It's still a mystery how salmon know which river to return to, to lay their eggs.*

➤ mysterious (adj), mysteriously (adv)

**position** (n) /pə'zɪʃ(ə)n/ ❖ **poloha**

a place where something or someone is • *Can you find your position on the map?*

➤ position (v)

**sight** (n) /saɪt/ ❖ **zrak; pohled; památka**

something you see; the ability to see • *The Niagara Falls are an amazing sight, which attract visitors from around the world.*

**smell** (n) /smel/ ❖ **pach; vůně**

something you sense through your nose • *What's that smell? I think something's burning outside?*

➤ smell (v), smelly (adj)

**migrate** (v) /maɪ'greɪt/ ❖ **stěhovat se; migrovat**

move to a different place • *Robins migrate south in winter.*

➤ migration (n), migratory (adj)

**recognize** (v) /'rekəgnaɪz/ ❖ **(roz)poznat**

remember something or someone when you see or hear that thing or person • *The city had changed so much in thirty years that Frank didn't recognize his old street.*

➤ recognition (n), recognizable (adj)

**solve** (v) /sɒlv/ ❖ **vyřešit**

find the answer to something or fix a problem • *It took me ages to solve the sudoku puzzle.*

➤ solution (n)

## **Lesson 2 Grammar p. 111**

**presenter** (n) /pri'zentə(r)/ ❖ **moderátor; hlasatel**

somebody who introduces a programme on the TV or radio • *The TV presenter asked the explorer to talk about his expedition.*

## **Lesson 3 Reading p. 112**

**parachute** (n) /'pærəʃu:t/ ❖ **padák**

a large piece of cloth fastened to the back of a person who jumps out of a plane that opens to form an umbrella shape and makes the person fall to the ground slowly • *I jumped out of the plane and, a few seconds later, my parachute opened.*

➤ parachute (v), parachutist (n)

**appear** (v) /ə'piə(r)/ ❖ **objevit se**

start to be seen • *As dark clouds appeared in the sky, we heard the sound of thunder.*

➤ appearance (n)

**in horror** (n) /'hɒrə(r)/ ❖ **s hrůzou**

a feeling of fear or shock • *Mike looked at his friends in horror when they suggested eating insects.*

➤ horrify (v)

**minibus** (n) /'mɪnɪbʌs/ ❖ **minibus**

a small bus that has seats for about 12 to 15 people • *After lessons, Ben goes home in the school minibus.*

**crash** (v) /kræʃ/ ❖ **havarovat; nabourat**

hit something and cause damage • *The driver lost control of his truck and crashed it into a wall.*

➤ crash (n)

## Lesson 4 Grammar p. 113

**request** (n) /rɪ'kwest/ ❖ **žádost; požadavek**

a formal or polite demand for something • *The teachers made a request for more books to be bought for the school library.*

➤ request (v)

**command** (n) /kə'mɑ:nd/ ❖ **příkaz**

an order to do something • *The air traffic controller gave the pilot the command to return the plane to the airport.*

➤ command (v)

**park** (v) /pɑ:k/ ❖ **parkovat**

leave a vehicle in a particular place • *You mustn't park on the corner of the street.*

➤ parking (n)

## Lesson 5 Chant p. 114

**the Northern Lights / aurora borealis** (n) /ðə ,nɔ:ðən 'laɪts/ /ə ,rɔ:rə ,bɔ:ri'eɪlɪs/ ❖ **polární záře**

a band of coloured lights that you can sometimes see at night in northern countries • *Ian waited with his camera ready to take a photo of the Northern Lights, but nothing appeared that night.*

## Lesson 6 Writing p. 115

**summary** (n) /'sʌməri/ ❖ **souhrn; stručný přehled**

a short written or spoken version of the main points of something • *The archaeologists gave the journalists a summary of their recent discovery.*

➤ summarize (v)

**speckled** (adj) /'spek(ə)ld/ ❖ **tečkovaný; kropenatý**

covered in small spots • *The bird is brown with white speckled wings.*

➤ speckle (n)

**detective** (n) /di'tektɪv/ ❖ **detektiv**

somebody who looks for information about crimes to find criminals • *Daisy likes reading detective stories to guess what happens in the end.*

➤ detect (v)

**band** (n) /bænd/ ❖ **páska**

something long and thin that can be wrapped around something else • *Johanna ties her hair back with a band when she goes running.*

**clue** (n) /klu:/ ❖ **klíč; vodítko**

something that helps solve a mystery • *The blond hair found at the murder scene was a clue that helped lead to the killer.*

**unfriendly** (adj) /ʌn'frendli/ ❖ **nepříjemný**

not kind or friendly • *Kate thought her new teacher was a bit unfriendly at first, but then she started to like her.*

➤ unfriendliness (n), friendly (opp)

**unimportant** (adj) /,ʌnɪm'pɔ:t(ə)nt/ ❖ **nedůležitý**

not important • *Don't worry about small unimportant details. Just focus on the main meaning of the text.*

➤ important (opp)

**character** (n) /'kærəktə(r)/ ❖ **postava (v příběhu)**

a person or animal in a story • *The main characters in the book Watership Down are rabbits.*

## Lesson 7 Video p. 116

**bark** (n) /bɑ:k/ ❖ **štěknutí**

a loud sound made by a dog • *The dog gave an excited bark when it heard its owner arriving home.*

➤ bark (v)

**sting** (n) /stɪŋ/ ❖ **žihadlo**

the point part of an insect that can hurt or poison a person or animal • *Bees won't usually hurt you because they die when their sting comes out.*

➤ sting (v)

**scare** (v) /skeə(r)/ ❖ **vyděsit**

frighten somebody • *John tried to scare his dad by putting a toy spider in his bed.*

➤ scare (n), scary (adj), scared (adj), scarily (adv)

## Unit 12 Fascinating places – Úchvatná místa

### Lesson 1 Vocabulary p. 118

**opportunity** (n) /ˌɒpə'tju:nəti/

❖ **příležitost**

a chance to do something • *The sailors had the opportunity to see whales jumping next to their ship.*

**sunrise** (n) /'sʌnrʌɪz/ ❖ **úsvit**

the time of day when the sun comes up in the east • *Martin starts work on the farm every morning at sunrise.*

**sunset** (n) /'sʌnset/ ❖ **soumrak**

the time of day when the sun goes down in the west • *Harry enjoys taking photos of beautiful sunsets from the beach in the evening.*

**clear** (adj) /kliə(r)/ ❖ **jasný**

sunny; without clouds • *It was a clear day, and the temperature was rising.*

➤ clear (v), clearer (adv)

**luxurious** (adj) /lʌg'zʊəriəs/ ❖ **luxusní**

with a lot of expensive extra things and services; full of luxury • *Donna lives in a luxurious villa with a private swimming pool.*

➤ luxury (n)

**perhaps** (adv) /pə'hæps/ ❖ **možná**

maybe; used to mean something might be possible • *Perhaps we could go to the cinema on Saturday.*

**ordinary** (adj) /'ɔ:d(ə)nri/ ❖ **obyčejný**

having nothing different or unusual • *At the start of the story, we could understand Matilda was not an ordinary girl.*

**successful** (adj) /sək'sesf(ə)/ ❖ **úspěšný**

very good at doing something • *Vanessa became a successful musician at an early age and people around the world came to hear her play.*

➤ succeed (v), success (n)

**wish** (v) /wɪʃ/ ❖ **přát si**

want something unlikely to be true or happen • *I wish I had more free time to go exploring with my friends.*

➤ wish (n)

## Lesson 2 Grammar p. 119

**water-ski** (v) /'wɔ:təski:/ ❖ **jezdit na vodních lyžích**

ski on the sea, lake, ocean, etc. being pulled holding on to a rope attached to a small speedboat • *Martha learnt to water-ski at the water sports centre on the island where she spent her summer.*

➤ waterski (n), waterskiing (n)

## Lesson 3 Reading p. 120

**resort** (n) /ri'zɔ:t/ ❖ **letovisko**

a place where many people go on holiday • *They built a huge holiday resort with a spa and swimming pools not far from the quiet seaside village.*

**maybe** (adv) /'meɪbi/ ❖ **možná**

possibly; perhaps • *Maybe you'd like to go on a boat trip.*

**hang out** (phr v) /hæŋ aʊt/ ❖ **poflakovat se; nečinně trávit čas**

spend time in a place or with people • *Denise and her friends hang out together at the café after school.*

➤ hangout (n)

## Lesson 4 Grammar p. 121

**look forward to** (phr v) /lʊk 'fɔ:wəd tu:/ ❖ **těšit se na**

be happy waiting for something good that is going to happen • *Are you looking forward to meeting your penfriend?*

**get away** (phr v) /get ə'wei/ ❖ **uniknout**

escape • *The band rushed into their minibus to get away from the fans outside the stadium.*

➤ getaway (n), get-away (adj)

**look up** (phr v) /lʊk ʌp/ ❖ **vyhledat**

do research or to try to find something in a dictionary or other book • *You can look up the meanings of new words on the internet.*

**work out** (phr v) /wɜ:k aʊt/ ❖ **cvičit; posilovat**

do physical exercise • *Monica works out three times a week at the gym.*

➤ workout (n)

## Lesson 5 Chant p. 122

### **check in** (phr v) /tʃek ɪn/ ❖ **ubytovat se (v hotelu)**

arrive and register at a hotel to collect the room key • *You can't check in to some hotels before midday.*

➤ check-in (n)

### **check out** (phr v) /tʃek aʊt/ ❖ **odhlásit se (z hotelu)**

leave a hotel and hand in the key • *When you're checking out of the hotel, you can pay for any extra services you used during your stay.*

➤ check-out (n)

## Value Workbook, Lesson 6

### **overnight** (adv) /,əʊvə'naɪt/ ❖ **přes noc**

for the night • *It was a long drive through Italy, so we stayed overnight at a hotel near Naples.*

## Lesson 6 Writing p. 123

### **unreasonable** (adj) /ʌn'ri:znəb(ə)l/ ❖ **nesmyslný; bezdůvodný; nerozumný**

not fair • *The hotel manager thought the customer's complaint about the noise from the traffic was unreasonable because the position of the hotel was explained on its website.*

➤ unreasonably (adv), reasonable (adj, opp)

### **uncomfortable** (adj) /ʌn'kʌmfətəb(ə)l/ ❖ **nepohodlný**

not feeling pleasant or relaxing to sit or lie on; not nice to wear • *That was the most uncomfortable bed I've ever tried to sleep in. I was awake all night.*

➤ uncomfortably (adv), comfortable (adj, opp)

### **hardly** (adv) /'hɑ:dli/ ❖ **téměř ne**

almost not • *There's hardly any juice in the fridge. I'll buy more later.*

### **reasonable** (adj) /'ri:znəb(ə)l/ ❖ **rozumný; opodstatněný**

fair • *The hotel prices were very reasonable. We would have had to pay much more for similar services in Rome.*

➤ unreasonable (adj, opp), reasonably (adv)

### **comfortable** (adj) /'kʌmfətəb(ə)l/ ❖ **pohodlný**

nice to wear or sit on, etc. • *These walking boots are great! They're so warm and comfortable.*

➤ comfort (n), uncomfortable (adj, opp), comfortably (adv)

**unacceptable** (adj) /ˌʌnək'septəb(ə)l/ ❖ **nepřijatelný**

that you can't accept or allow • *The low pay that people get for working in the shoe factory is totally unacceptable.*

➤ unacceptable (adv), acceptable (adj, opp)

**comfort** (n) /'kʌmfət/ ❖ **pohodlí**

something that makes you more comfortable or makes things easier • *Todd missed the comforts of home when he stayed in the school dormitory.*

➤ comfortable (adj), comfortably (adv)

**usable** (adj) /'ju:zəb(ə)l/ ❖ **použitelný**

that can be used • *The car is twenty years old, but it's been well looked after, so it's still usable.*

➤ usability (n), user (n)

**believable** (adj) /bɪ'li:vəb(ə)l/ ❖ **uvěřitelný**

that you can believe • *The characters sounded so real that the story was almost believable.*

➤ believably (adv), believe (v), belief (n), believer (n)

## Lesson 7 Video p. 124

**canyon** (n) /'kænjən/ ❖ **soutěska; kaňon**

a place with steep sides of rock on each side between two hills or mountains • *The river flowed fast across the rocks at the bottom of the canyon.*

**scenery** (n) /'si:nəri/ ❖ **scénérie**

the natural things that you can see in an area • *From our hotel room, we had a great view of the mountain scenery.*

➤ scenic (adj)

## Reading extra 3 pp. 126–127

**soldier** (n) /'səʊldʒə(r)/ ❖ **voják**

a person in an army • *The Greek soldiers defeated the Persians at the Battle of Plataion.*

**clay** (n) /kleɪ/ ❖ **hlína; jíl**

a material from the ground used for making dishes and sculptures • *Sybille made some clay vases at her pottery class.*

**forever** (adv) /fə'r evə(r)/ ❖ **navěky**

always; a time that doesn't end • *Leonardo and Kate promised to love each other forever.*

**disappearance** (n) /ˌdɪsə'piərəns/ ❖ **zmizení**

the fact of being impossible to find or see • *Two months after his wife's disappearance, the police began to question Ted.*

➤ disappear (v), appearance (opp)

**powerful** (adj) /'paʊə(r)f(ə)l/ ❖ **silný; mocný**

strong; with a strong effect • *The story had a powerful effect on me. I'll never forget the women who died to save their children.*

➤ power (n)

## Look further

### BONUS School trip pp. 130–131

**ruin** (n) /'ru:ɪn/ ❖ **zřícenina**

the parts of a building that are left after it has been badly damaged • *The old castle is now a ruin.*

➤ ruin (v)

**macaque** (n) /mə'kæk/ ❖ **makak**

a kind of monkey • *Macaque monkeys are an ordinary sight in parts of Thailand.*

**swipe** (v) /swaɪp/ ❖ **ohnat se; praštit**

hit against something by swinging your hand at it • *Irma swiped the fly off the table.*

➤ swipe (n)

**wire** (n) /'waɪə(r)/ ❖ **kabel; drát**

a thin rope of metal used to carry electricity or a phone signal • *The electricity went off when the storm blew the wires down.*

### BONUS Reading extra pp. 132–133

**lie** (n) /laɪ/ ❖ **lež**

information that is not true • *Would you ever tell a lie to a friend? Or do you always tell the truth?*

➤ lie (v)

**honestly** (adv) /'ɒnɪstli/ ❖ **upřímně; opravdu**

in a truthful way • *Everybody thought Christina stole the money, but she honestly didn't know where it was.*

➤ honest (adj)

**stable** (n) /'steɪb(ə)l/ ❖ **stáj**

a building where you keep horses • *Black Beauty and other horses were hurt when their stables burnt down.*

**bow** (v) /baʊ/ ❖ **klanět se**

bend over to the front as a sign of respect • *Japanese people usually bow when they meet somebody.*

➤ bow (n)

**messenger** (n) /'mesɪndʒə(r)/ ❖ **posel; kurýr**

somebody who delivers a message or parcel to somebody • *When got home, I found a note on the door from a messenger who came to deliver my parcel.*

**shake your head** (expr) /ʃeɪk jɔː hed/ ❖ **zavrtět hlavou**

move your neck right and left to show you disagree • *Mum just shook her head when I asked if I could borrow her car.*

**play a trick on somebody** (expr) /pleɪ ə trɪk ɒn 'sʌmbədi/ ❖ **napálit někoho**

make someone believe something that isn't true • *The students keep trying to play tricks on their teacher, but he's a bit smarter than them.*